

Combined Clean & Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (CW and DW SRF) Fact Sheet

The CW and DW SRF workshop will be a combined offering for both programs.

Agency: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Category: Environment/Climate/Clean Energy

Eligible Applicants:

- **CWSRF:** Municipalities, inter-municipal, interstate, or state agencies, nonprofit entities, for-profit entities, watershed groups, community groups, homeowner's associations, and individuals. Eligibility varies by [state](#).
- **DWSRF:** Public or private water systems (not all states accept private systems) and nonprofit water systems, such as schools, parks, and churches ([EPA Guidebook](#)).

Total IIJA Funding: [\\$12.7 billion](#) (CWSRF) and [\\$30.7 billion](#) (DWSRF)

Match Requirements: N/A

Key Dates: Application timelines vary by state for both programs.

Overview: CWSRF and DWSRF are partnerships between the federal government and states that provide low-interest loans to support critical water infrastructure. CWSRF supports wastewater and storm water projects, while DWSRF supports drinking water infrastructure projects. The IIJA [authorized](#) states to use a portion of both CWSRF and DWSRF funds as forgivable loans or grants, particularly for projects serving disadvantaged communities. Both programs are designed to protect public health and the environment, while helping communities meet state and federal standards.

FY25 Grant Funding: [\\$4.46 billion](#) (CWSRF) and [\\$4.52 billion](#) (DWSRF)

Eligible Activities: Both programs are administered at the state level, and eligibility requirements may vary by state.

- The **CWSRF program** offers opportunities for funding across eleven categories, including the construction, repair, and replacement of publicly owned treatment works. Projects that enhance energy efficiency, water conservation, recycling, and stormwater management are prioritized. States have the flexibility to direct funding based on their unique environmental priorities.
- The **DWSRF program** supports the construction or retrofitting of drinking water treatment facilities, the replacement of contaminated sources, the consolidation or restructuring of water systems, and the installation or replacement of distribution systems.



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Opportunities for Underserved Communities: The IIJA [mandates](#) that 49% of the general supplemental funding for both programs must be allocated to disadvantaged communities to tackle affordability and access. Each state is responsible for establishing its own definitions of disadvantaged communities and affordability.

Key Funding Criteria: Criteria for receiving funding may vary from state to state.

Additional Information: Program information is available on EPA's [Clean Water SRF website](#), the [Drinking Water SRF website](#), and the [DWSRF infographic](#). For state-specific information on funding, timelines, and eligible activities, contact your state agency administering the SRF programs ([CWSRF State Contact List](#) and [DWSRF State Contact List](#)).



REGISTER NOW.

This workshop will take place on Feb 5, 2026 at 12:00 PM E.T.
Scan the QR code or visit
localinfrastructure.org/application-bootcamp to apply.